VOLUME XLII--NUMBER 212.

## A WARNING NOTE

Uttered by Senator Wolcott Anent the Coxey Business

ROASTS THE ALLEN RESOLUTION

Time For Politicians to Quit Truckling to Populism

#### AND TO STAND FOR THE MANHOOD

Of American Labor-Crank Move ments of the Coxey Order Contrasted With the Iteal Movements Founded on Common Sense-The Hogan Army Under Arrest in Montana-Coxey and Kelly and the Other Branches Still on the March. Galvin on the Road to Columbus, Proparations of the Authorities is Washington.

The various contingents of the Coxes army of the Commonweal, and their locations up to date, are as follows:

DOMESTIC OF STREET	ALCOHOLD TO LOND TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Where
Communder.	No. of men	marching.
Kelly		lowa
	850	California
Coxey	300	Marvland.
Inman	300	California.
		Oregon.
Fitzgerald	200	Massachuset's.
Grayson		Colorado.
Galvin	210	Ohto.
Shopherd	160	Washington.
Sweetland	********* 100 ***	
		Connecticut
Aubry	······ 100 ·····	Indiana.
Frye	273	Indiana.
Hogan		Moutana.*
Norman	······ 73,	Wisconsin.
Jones	30,	Maryland.
	The second line in	
Total	5,328	
Johnson	1 Forming at	Missouri.
304115011	"   Kansas City	, Missouri
Danmanant	f Forming at	Oklahoma.
Beaumout	"I Oklahoma Ci	ty Oklahoma.
Cantured by	United States to	cops and may be
disbanded.	OHITOG States (1	oops and may be

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 26.-Senator Allen's Coxey resolution came up in the senate to-day, and Mr. Allen stated that there would be no opposition on the Democratic side to its passage.

Mr. Vest (Dem., Mo.), however, op-posed the resolution. These people should be treated the same as all other citizens of the United States. If they did not violate any laws they would not be molested, but he deprecated the introduction of such a resolution, because it intimated a want of confidence in the institutions and laws of the land. Their right to come here and visit the capitol

institutions and laws of the land. Their right to come here and visit the capitol was so plain, so evident, that any suspicion about it was a reflection on the intelligence of the country. He was opposed to the preamble, however, if it meant to include these men who had tramped on the laws, injured private property and undertaken to secure transportation to this city by force of arms, for they emphatically dissented from it.

Mr. Wolcott (Rep., Col.) entered a vigorous protest against passing the resolution. He was at a loss to understand the purpose of the resolution which did not change the law in any respect, but simply extended a cringing invitation to those men calling themselves unemployed, some of whom were coming by begging, some by their overpowering force, and some on stolen trains. The only excuse for such lawless action as had been recoulty enacted had been the utterances of men in high places holding office. Mombers of the sonate who had spoken of a service police and a paid soldiery seemed to think it proper to denounce in the senate men sworn to do their duty. It was to be regretted

to those ment calling themselves unemployed, some of whom were coming by begging, some by their overpowering force, and some on stolen trains. The only excuse for such lawless action as had been recently enacted had been the utterances of men in high places holding office. Members of the senate who had spoken of a servile police and a paid soldiery seemed to think it proper to denounce in the senate men sworn to do their duty. It was to be regretted that the governors of certain states had been so unwise as to urge these men to make a descent on the capitol of the United States. His own state of Colorade had the misfortune to have one of these governors whose antics had brought discredit and dishoner on his commonwealth and sullied her fair name.

Mr. Wolcott said he was tired with these methods of joint, but what made them so might be attributed to one cause or another. He believed that most of the men in Coxey's army might be honest, but they were led by men who were cranks, insane or vicious. But their methods of righting the wrongs of the time could result in no good; this could only come from the natural beneficence of mankind, which, as the world grew better made men more human suffering for bread in this broad domain of the United states who was willing to work. There was to-day no man who sincerely desired to work for the sunpart of himself each kis famile. willing to work. There was to-day no man who sincerely desired to work for the support of himself and his family who could not got work or bread to put into the mouths of himself and his little ones until work could be found.

TIME TO ACT.

I believe the time has come when those of us who are in public life ought to begin to cultivate more regard for to begin to centrate more regard for the perpetuity of republican institu-tions and to pander less to the mis-called portion of the labor vote whose labor is with their threats and never with their hands. It is time that we stood for American manhood, for the right of every man to work if he wants to, if it takes the whole army of the the whole army of the to, if it takes the whole army of the United States to enable him to do so.

United States to enable him to do so.

It is time that we had the courage to stand together against this socialism, populism and paternalism which is running riot in this country and which must end, if not crushed, in the destruction of the liberties which should be dearer to us than life itself.

A number of Senators took the pains to go to Senator Welcott on the floor after he had concluded his remarks and express their approbation of what he said.

express their approportion of what he said.

Mr. Dolph, (Rep., Oregon), and Mr. Gray, (Dem., Delaware), also spoke against the resolution.

Mr. Allen defended his action in introducing the resolution and spoke for some time. In the course of his speech he called those gatherings "the spontaneous uprising of American citizens against wrong and oppression." He denied that it was a socialistic movement; whether it was populistic movement; whether in y Populists were entired. know whether any Populists were en-listed in it. It was, he said, a peaceable gathering of men engaged in a peace-

able project. "Does the senator apply that to the army of the Commonweal which stole a

train at Butte, killed two deputies and whom the troops of the United States are now trying to capture?" asked Mr. Wolcott.

are now trying to capture?" asked Mr. Wolcott.
Mr. Allen refused to be drawn onto this ground. He declared he was as warm an advocate of peace and lawfulness as any other man. He criticles of the commissioners of the District of Columbia in issuing a proclamation warning Coxey's army against entering the District.

TEST VOTE SHOWS THE RESOLUTION WILL BE DEPEATED.

At 1:45 o'clock, before any action had been taken on the resolution, Mr. Har-ris moved to take up a resolution providing that "to-morrow and until other-wise ordered the senate shall meet at 11

a. m."

Senators Peffer and Allen objected to
the pending resolution being displaced
and demanded a yea and nay vote. The
vote (which also showed the attitude of
the senate on Mr. Allen's resolution),

vote (which also showed the attitude of the senate on Mr. Allen's resolution), was as follows:

Yeas—Aldrich, Allison, Bate, Barry, Blackburn, Blanchard, Brice, Caffery, Call, Camden, Coke, Cuilom, DuBols, Faulkner, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Higging, Hunton, Jarvis, Jones, (Ark.); Lindsay, Lodgo, McMillan, McPierson, Manderson, Martin, Mills, Mitchell, (Wis.); Morrill, Palmer, Pasco, Perkins, Platt, Power, Proctor, Pugh, Roach, Sherman, Shoup, Teller, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Waish, Washburn, White, Wolcott—total, 54. Nays—Allen, Dolph, Frye, Gallinger, Kyle, Pedler. Total, 6.

The senate, without division, then agreed to the resolution, and Mr. Harris moved to take up the tariff bill, and Mr. Higgins, (Rep., Delaware), took the floor in opposition to the bill.

#### HOGAN'S ARMY ARRESTED.

United States Troops Capture the Entire Brigade Without Bloodshed.

Forsythe, Mont., April 26 .- Midnight, last night saw the end of the Butte contingent of the Coxey army that is marching on to Washington For sixty hours all traffic on the Northern Pacific tracks had been stopped in this state and during all that time s train had been running wild from the mountains to this point, where it was taken in charge last night by Colonel Page, of the 22nd U. S. Infantry.

Col. Page, of Fort Keogh, had secured a special train and was thundering down the road to meet the train stealing contingent. He came on to Forsythe shortly after midnight and found a large part of the Coxoy army asleep in the box cars. The surprise was so complete that the Coxeyites gave up without a struggle. The troops left most of the men aboard the train and surrendered it. The capture was affected by a company of 500 infantry from Fort Keegh. Nothing definite is known as to what will be done with the commonwalers, but it is supposed eight or ten of the leaders will be taken back to Butte to-morrow and the others set at liberty. the road to meet the train stealing con-

The army was so surprised at the prompt maneuvering of the regulars that the laders capitulated and were taken into custody without trouble. There has been no bloodshed and none is expected.

#### THE CAPTURE.

The story of the capture is interesting: At dark last night the stolen train was at Sanders, fifteen miles west

one well filled with provisions, and one with railway tools, one with coal and the other eleven cars carrying men. Each car carried from thirty to forty men together with their baggage, camp equippage, making a total of about 400 men. The men were a hard looking set, whether altogether naturally or from their recent experiences it would be hard to say. In a short time their train was side-tracked and put under guard.

ALL UNDER ARREST.
"General" Hogan, Conductor Wiley and Engineer Cleveland were put in a box car by themselves. Soon two sec tions of the passenger train came in from the west and the conductors re ported a large number of Coxey cruits who refused either to leave cruits who refused either to leave the traius or to pay fare, and the military promptly took charge of these also. There were nearly one hundred of these. Before leaving Miles City last night the authorities had warrants sworn out for the arrest of "General" Hogan, his licetonant. Pat Mealey, Conductors Smith and Wiley, Engineers Olney and Cleveland and ten others, charged with grand larceny in stealing a box of tools grand larceny in stealing a box of tools

# grand larceny in stealing a box of tools and a car of coal. A further charge of burglary will also probably be entered against them as soon as the govern-ment reaches them. The Common-wealers are still here and will be here

until to-morrow awaiting orders from the secretary of war. KELLY'S BRIGADE

Resumes its March-The Commander at

ANITA, IOWA, April 26.-Kelly's army reached Anita to-day and dined after a march of fourteen miles from Atlantic, The start was made under less propl tious circumstances than usual. hundred and forty teams had been promised by the Atlantic committee, but not more than twenty wagont were

available. Kelly delayed his departure for some time. At last he ordered his column forward and the army moved out of the fair grounds and started over the hilly and dusty read on the twenty-one mile tramp to Adair.

The men became convinced at Atlantic that their only hope for aid from the citizens was in following Kelly and many of those who yesterday cursed Keily long and loud to-day cheer the leader and swore sternal fidelity to his banner and the cause. Kelly, who, since his army has developed a choice collection of former professions and/vocations, increased his list to-day when his brother-in-law stated that the leader was once a professional base ball player. He was, his rolative said, a player in a western league for a time and later played in the field for St. Louis. Kelly is endeavoring to organize an army base ball club to play the clubs along the line of march.

After the army left Atlantic about

march,
After the army left Atlantic about twenty of the men quit the ranks and returned to the town, expecting to ride on the out-going freight trains. They were found in a box car and clinging to the bumpers. The authorities promptly put them under arrest. The men offered no resistance and quietly went to jall.

Many farmers met the army along the route and before Adair was reached

Many farmers met the army along the route and before Adair was reached about 300 wagons were in line and nearly all the men who followed the army were given an opportunity to ride. Many of them took a short cut down the railroad tracks and tramped the entire distance. The army was quiet and orderly throughout the march.

#### COXEY'S BAND.

A Triumphal March Out of Frederick. A Fight Among Huns,

FREDERICE, MD., April 26 .- The Commonweal army after spending two very peaceful days in Frederick, celebrated the eve of their departure by a free fight and shooting scrape. The army was depleted by four members, but no was depleted by four members, but no one was burt. A party of Huns, a part of the thirty-five recruits taken in here, who had been drinking during the day, came to blows around one of the camp fires. One man was knocked into the fire but rolled out immediately and began shooting. The police scattered the crowd, but eaptured only one man, who refused to give any name but "Jack the Ripper." He was sent forward to-day, under that name to ten days in the workhouse. Three of the other men took to the woods and have not been heard from.

The exit of the Coxeyites from the

The exit of the Coxeyites from the town to-day was a triumphal one. Ten mounted deputies escorted the party to the county line, the independent drum corps playing "Maryland, My Maryland," while the Commonweal band joined in at intervals.

The wealers reached Hayttstown about 3 o'clock and went into camp. The camp of to-night is named "Henrietto," which is the name of Mrs. Coxey. An expert "shell man" accompanying the army opened operations among the hamlet people and soon had \$15.

Coxey heard of this and sallied forth to arrest the confidence expert. He

Corey heard of this and sallied forth to arrest the confidence expert. He missed him but got his outfil.

Suppor to-night was furnished from the commissary wagons. The hamlet is small the contributions are few. The breakfast to-morrow will come from the stock supply, and the tramp will again be taken up for Gaithereburg, nine miles from here.

#### OREGON CONTINGENT.

It is 500 Strong and Attempts to Capture a Train.

PORTLAND, OGN., April 26.-Trouble is feared with the Portland contingent industrial army. The brigade marched from here 500 strong, and is now in camp at Troutdale, a village on the Northern Pacific, sixteen miles east of Northern Pacific, sixteen miles east of here. They attempted to capture a train here but were foiled by the company. The train usually carries a number of freight cars and long before it started the army began climbing into the box cars, but they were switched off from the passenger cars, leaving the industrials in the yard. The last overland Union Pacific train which went out carried a dozen deputy. United States marshals who will endeaver to keep the industrials from interfering with the train at Troutdale. at Troutdale

#### FRYE'S ARMY.

It Arrives in Indianapolis on the Captured Freight Train. INDIANAPOLIS, IND., April 26.—Gener-

al Frye's army of the Commonweal, arrived here this afternoon at 1:30 on a freight train, which they seized at Brazil. The army numbers 275 men. They were met at the Vandalia yards by n committee of the "General" Aubrey contingent in the city.

#### Shepherd's Command.

SEATTLE, WASIL, April 26 .- The northwestern industrial army, one hundred and sixty strong, marched out of town and sixty strong, marched out of town lest night, first making a demonstration on the principal streets, which were packed with people to see them depart. They marched through Seattle four miles and camped for the night in a church and several deserted store buildings. Commander Shepherd says the men will be marched to Payallup, thirty miles distant, on the Northern Pacific, where he says a train will be Pacific, where he says a train will be taken. He refuses to tell how he expects to get a train and admits that the Northern [Pacific refused to give him

#### Approaching a Crisis.

ADAIR, IOWA, April 26.—The Rock Island officials anticipate serious trouble with the industrial army tomorrow and to-night the camp deputies and railroad people are in a state of excitement over what is feared of excitement over what is leared is an approaching crisis. Over 100 men of the Sacramento division asserted to-night that they would walk no further and announced that they had deter-mined to ride and to ride a Rock Island

#### Galvin Enroute to Columbus

COLUMBUS, O., April 26,-"Colonel" Galvin, with 215 Commonwealers, were ordered out of Washington C. H. today by the mayor and sheriff and are now marching to Columbus, expecting to spend to-night at Mt. Sterling.

#### Taking Precautions.

Washington, April 26 .- In view of the reports from Idaho that a Coxey the reports from Idaho that a Coxey army is organizing the Couer d'Alene give strength to the weakened organs mining district, in the northern part of and body by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla the state, and that an attempt at any 10.

time may be made to seize a train. Attime may be made to selze a train, Attorney General Olney, after a conference with Senator Dubois this afterneon, sent a telegram to the United States marshal of Idaho similar in character to those sent to the marshal of Montana.

#### BACKSET FOR COXEY.

No Gatherings Will Be Permitted on the Streets of Washington. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26,—The

District commissioners cast a damper over the local supporters of Coxey's movement to-day by refusing them permission to hold open air meetings. It had been expected by the enthusiasts that these meetings would draw converts and cash contributions for the

The refusal of the commissioners was

The refusal of the commissioners was based upon a law that prohibits congregating on the public streets or parks, engazing in loud and boisterous talking and they state that they have no power to grant a permit.

The Coxeyites are angered at their refusal, declaring that the law was never intended to apply to orderly speech-making. They point to the Salvation Army meetings which are held in the streets and to the sidewalk services of itinerant evangolists who flourish here as instances of non-observance of the rule.

vices of itinerant evangelists who flourish here as instances of non-observance of the rule.

The event of the day was the advent of Citizen Train, who predicts that we are on the verge of one of the biggest revolutions the world has ever seen, and that the Jeff Davis matter won't be an item in comparison with it.

An Odd Fellows procession attempted to march through the capitol grounds lo-day, but was turned back at the entrance by the capitol police. The officials explained that the law prohibits any organizations as such in a parade entering the grounds and that no exceptions could be made. The Odd Fellows made some remonstrance on account of the fact that their march benefited the grounds, and that it would be difficult to turn about in the street as the procession was long and included several carriages, but when assured that the law permitted no exceptions, they quietly submitted and retraced their steps. The incident will doubtless prove a precedent if Coxey attempts to invade the capitol grounds with his organization, as he has said it was his intention to do.

#### CAPT, PANNELL GARDEN

Will Guard the Congressmen's Pay During the Stay of the Cozcyltes

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26 .- Sergeant-at-Arms Snow, of the house, to-day took precautionary steps to the protection to the big cash lockers containing the pay of the congressmen during the coming influx of Coxeyites. At Mr. Snow's request, Captain Garden, of the capitol police, arranged to station an armed officer outside the door of the office throughout the day. Another officer will sleep alongside the big safe throughout the night. The supply of cash kept on hand will be reduced to the bare necessity of the office. Beginning next week, Mr. Snow expects to have a lounge put in the office and to sleep there himself.

#### GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN.

Prince of Cranks Will See That the Crank Armies are Protected.

Washington, April 26 .- George Francis Train addressed a small audience in Masonic hall this evening. The au-dience was about evenly divided between these, who symphathized with tween these, who symphathized with the Coxoyites and those, who came to be entertained by the psychic philosopler. He says he does not belong to any of the armies now advancing on Washington, he being in fact a whole army himself, and he had undertaken to see that the people were allowed a hearing in Washington. He had hired two halls and had tendered them to Coxoy, Browne, Frye and Kelly by telegraph, guaranteeing to them that they should be allowed to speak.

#### CONFEDERATE VETERANS. The Reunion at Birmingham-A Grateful Boldler.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., April 26 .- Just as yestorday the wigwam was crowded long before the convention began.

General John C. Underwood an-nounced that \$1,872 had been received for the Confederate cemetery at Chicago by yesterday's contributions. confederate stated

A one-legged Confederate stated that his life had been saved on the battle field by a Federal soldier and asked that the soldier be escorted to the stand, and it was done. The federal soldier was Mr. Milsted.

### Defaulting Treasurer,

TOPEKA, KANSAS, April 26.-Robert J. Stewart, treasurer of two lodges of the A. O. U. W., and Select Knights re-spectively, is a defaulter in \$1,000. He confessed that he had been taking money for the past four years. He made an unsuccessful attempt at sui-

#### Mr. Chancellor Confirmed.

MASHAGON, D. C., April 26.—The senate in executive session to-day con-firmed E. P. Chancellor, of West Vir-ginia, to be supervising inspector of steam vessels for the seventh district.

#### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Frank Hatton, who was stricken with paralysis in Washington, is recovering. Louise Fitzsimmone, wife of the pug-ilist, has been granted a divorce, prov-ing that Bob has been intimate with two other women.

Dominick O'Grady, the county Sligo, Ireland, priest, who killed Miss Gilmar-tin in Cincinnati Wednesday, will make a defense of emotional insanity.

The steerage rate war goes merily on. It is expected that the continental companies will put vessels in service that will carry steerage passengers from Queenstown to New York for \$14.

The seventy-fifth anniversary of Odd Fellowship was generally celebrated yesterday throughout the country. In Baltimore, the birthplace of the order, the ceremonics were especially im-posing.

It is reported that an encounter took lits reported that an encounter took place between the Dalton gang and vigilants near Coal Creek, I. T., and that one bandit and three vigilants were killed. Soveral others on each side were wounded.

ALL OVER.

No Peaceful Settlement of the Great Northern Strike Possible,

St. Paul, Minn., April 26 .- All overtures for a peaceful settlement of the Great Northern railroad strike have been declared off and the company and the American Union have begun a test of strength that may cause considerable bloodshed before it ends.

During the time the strikers have been preventing the running of the road, a committee of thirty-three mem-

road, a committee of thirty-three members of the A. R. U. employes of the road assembled in this city in accordance with a reply favorable to a request for a conference with the officials of the road.

When President Hill and the committee came together yesterday the men demanded as the first condition that the road grant all their demands for the renewal of the wage schedules in force prior to last August. This Mr. Hill declined and the day ended without a conclusion having been reached. The conference was resumed to-day. Late this afternoon the men sent a brief communication to President Hill, unconditionally rejecting his proposal of arbitration, renewing their demand for the old schedules and giving him to understand that this is their ultimatum.

Mr. Hill sent a reply to the men to-night in which he says the action of the men ends all conference negotia-tions as far as he is concerned. He will no longer recognize the American Rail-way Union.

#### WHEELING & LAKE ERIE.

A Big Cut in the Wages of All the Employes.

Tolebo, O., April 26 .- A 38} per cent cut was made to-day in the wages of the 1,500 employees of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway. Orders to this effect have been issued from the general offices bere in this city. The cut will affect all grades of employes, from the top down. This action is caused by the present big strike among the coal miners.

#### APPALLING SCENES.

The Great Destruction By Earthquakes in Greece-Whole Villages Destroyed. London, April 27,—The full details of

the less of life and damage to property caused by the earthquakes that occurred in Greece, on Friday, Saturday and Sunday last, have been slow in coming to hand.

The Times correspondent now at Martini, near Atalanta, says: "I have visited several villages in this district, and everywhere a scene of terrible destruction presents itself. Kiparissa, a small village near Atalanta, was leveled completely to the ground. The people built huts of pine branches and later obtained a few tents from the authorities. The village of Proskyna was totally destroyed. Twenty-eight children were killed and many others were injured in a church which fell. The total number of dead here was forty-throe.

"The scene at Malesina, some eight miles away, was absolutely appalling. This place was so completely wiped out of existence that in most cases even traces of the house walls have disappeared. The dead have numbered 135.

"The large village of Martini sufford almost equally, though some of the houses remain standing. The number of dead here is forty-two. The Times correspondent now at Mar-

#### A MINER KILLED

Near Piedmont—Will Be No Strike George's Creek, Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PIEDMONT, W. VA., April 26.—Angus Brown, a miner in Merrils coal mine, was instantly killed this afternoon by a fall of slate. A man named Arnold had his back badly hurt. Brown leaves a wite and one child, formerly lived near Moorefield and only began work this

Moreheld and only began work this morning.

A way train on the West Virginia Central was wrecked at Orchard near here to-day, and passenger trains had to use the Baltimore & Ohio track.

Only twenty minere attended the meeting at Lonaconing. There will be no strike on George's creek.

#### A COAL FAMINE

In Pittsburgh Sure to Be One of the Conse-quences of the Strike.

PITTSBURGH, PA., April 26 .- A coal famine in Pittsburgh and vicinity is inevitable within a week if the big strike is not settled sooner. Already retail dealers are refusing to sell in any considerable quantity to householders, and prices have almost doubled since the strike began.

atrike began.

The Carnegie Company has succeeded in securing 700,000 busilels of coal, but as they use in their several plants 50,000 bushels a day, the supply will not

last long.

Operators now regret having sent so much coal down the river on the last rise. There were only four flats of river coal on sale at this dock to-day.

The Riverside iron works of Wneeling, employing 2,500 men, have been obliged to depend on the West Virginia mines for their coal, whereas Pittsburgh was their source of supply previous to the strike.

the strike.

New Castle and other small town in this vicinity report the condition of the

#### The Metropolitan Baces.

New York, April 26 .- At a meeting held at the office of the Coney Island Jockey Club racing associations to-day Jockey Glub racing associations to-day agreed upon the following dates: Brooklyn, May 15 to 29; Morris Park May 30 to June 19; Coney Island, June 21 to July 7. The Suburban handicap, June 21; the great trial stakes July 4. The second meetings are: Coney Island, August 18 to September 6; Brooklyn, September 8 to 29; Morris Park, October 1st to 15.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The World's Fair buildings have been finally sold to Groff & Co., local house wreckers, for \$57,500. Their removal will begin in a Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, fair, southerly winds, For Western Ponnsylvania and Ohio, outheasterly winds; slightly warmer in r rn portions.

THE TREPERATURE YESTERDAY,

# ### Harman | Harman |

# GROWS SERIOUS.

The Mine Trouble Assumes a Warlike Phase in Illinois.

## AN ARMY OF STRIKERS MARCHING

Against Non-Union Men Working at Toluca Mines.

#### IT IS AN ORGANIZED MOVEMENT

Which May Result in Bloodshed. The Situation Throughout the Country-The Ranks of the Strikers Receive Accessions in West Virginia-Kanawha Valley Going Out, Fairmont and Piedmont Regions Undisturbed-Threatening Aspect of Affairs in Many Sections-Indiana Men Being Forced Out.

Spring Valley, Ille., April 26 .- This afternoon a new industrial army started on the march and before it reaches its destination the outlook is that it will be larger than all the Commonweal and industrials of Coxey and Kelly put together. A wing of an army of minera left this city this afternoon for Toluca, Charles J. Devlin's new mining town. where some 500 men are working in the mines.

Nearly 2,000 men moved from this city and other miners were simultaneously marching in from neighboring mining camps. Ladd sent a delegation of 400 miners. Five commissary wagons were filled with food, the contribution of business men. Fred Knowles, is commander in chief of the forces. He issued an order to the effect that no one would be allowed to carry arms. The sherid of Marshall county, with a lot of deputies, is at Toluca, awaiting the Spring Valley army.

Intense excitement provails and strong fears are expressed that a condict between the strikers and men, who refuse to leave their work, will result in riot and bloodshed. The center of the conflict will be Toluca where the miners refuse to quit their work. A committee went from LaSalle to persuade them to join the strikers, but it returned with a report that the men in the mines there absolutely refused to law down Nearly 2,000 men moved from this city

a report that the men in the mines there absolutely refused to lay down their tools, or to help the strikers in

their tools, or to help the strikers in any way.

A meeting of the strikers was immediately held at which his report was presented, and it was determined that from 2,000 to 3,000 men from LaSallo, Peru, Oglesbly, Spring Valley, Ladd and Laceyville should organize and march in a body to Toluca and compet the men at work there to desist. The mine owners have provided themselves with arms and ammunition in abundance. Feeling is running very high here against the men who have refused to quit work and should they fall into the hands of the strikers little mercy would be shown them.

ASK FOR TROOPS.

#### ASK FOR TROOPS.

Acting Governor Gill at 10 o'clock to-night received the following tele-gram from Sheriff Lenz, of Marshall

to-night received the following telegram from Sheriff Lenz, of Marshall
county, sent from Toluce:

"Three thousand armed etrikers from
Spring Valley, LaSalie and Peru here. I
anticipate trouble and possible bloodshed. Feeling unable to meet them, I
respectfully call upon you for five or six
companies of militia. Send them from
Chicago or Joliet, Santa Fe road will
have special train waiting for them at
either point. Try to get them here by
3 o'clock if possible. Answer quick."

Governor Gill telegraphed at once
that he did not think he was warranted
in calling out the militia from facts set
forth in the telegram, as he had no
proof that the strikers were armed or
have yet, or are likely to become riotous, but that he would leave to-night
for the scene of the anticipated trouble
and personally investigate the matter.
Governor Gill left on the midnight
train accompanied by assistant Adjutant General Eogle for Toluca. Adjutant General Crendorff was notified at
Kansas City, Mo.

KANAWHA MINERS.

#### KANAWHA MINERS.

ix of the Mines Closed and It is Feared the

Strike Will be General.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., April 26.—The strike is growing in this section and it is feared it will extend over the whole val-ley. Six out of twenty-six Kanawha mines have struck and others are ex-

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